



Format for Effective Information Sharing of National Adaptation Planning : Sri Lanka's NAP

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Introduction

- Formulation of NAP: Goals & Time frame
- Scope of NAP
- Methodology of Formulation
- Coordination & Sharing Information
- Overlap with NDCs

Goals and Objectives of the Plan



The major goals of the plan are:

- Raise the adaptive capacity of individuals, communities and the society to cope with impacts of climate change effectively
- Reduce the vulnerability to climate risks by enhancing the resilience of communities and ecosystems
- Capture any opportunities arise due to changes for maximum gain for the society and people.

Time Horizon of the Plan

| Period | Stage of the Plan | Review |
|-----------------------------|------------------------------|---|
| 1-4 Years (2016-2019) | Foundation building stage | Progress of the first stage to be reviewed at the last quarter of 2019 and necessary adjustments be made |
| 5-7 years (2020-2022) | Development stage | Progress of the both stages since 2015 to be reviewed at the last quarter of 2022 and necessary adjustments to be made |
| 8 – 10 years (2023-2025) | Goal achieving stage | Progress of the whole plan to be reviewed at the first quarter of 2026 and gaps and lessons for future plans to be identified |

Scope of the Plan : Sectors (1/2)

- Food security: agriculture, livestock and fisheries
- Water resources
- Coastal and marine
- Health
- Human settlements and infrastructure
- Ecosystems and biodiversity
- Tourism and recreation
- Export agriculture sector
- Industry, energy and transportation
- Cross-cutting national adaptation needs

Scope of the Plan (2/2)

- **Cross-cutting national needs of adaptation**
 - Policy, legal, economic and governance issues
 - Institutional development and coordination
 - International cooperation and partnership
 - Resource mobilization
 - Research and development
 - Technology transfer and standards
 - Building of adaptive capacity of communities
 - Education, training and awareness
 - Climate- induced disaster risk management
 - Climate information management

Methodology (1/2)

- **Review of available information**
 - Existing local information, policies & plans
- **Initial brainstorming session**
 - Focused discussion
- **Preparation of detailed outline**
 - Revised according to initial comments

Methodology (2/2)

- **Consultation workshops**
 - Workshop for systematic gathering of stakeholder inputs through series of working group exercises
- **Preparation of the initial draft of the plan**
 - Developed using detailed outline and workshop inputs
- **Preparation of the final draft**
 - Developed by incorporation of comments of MMD&E and NAC

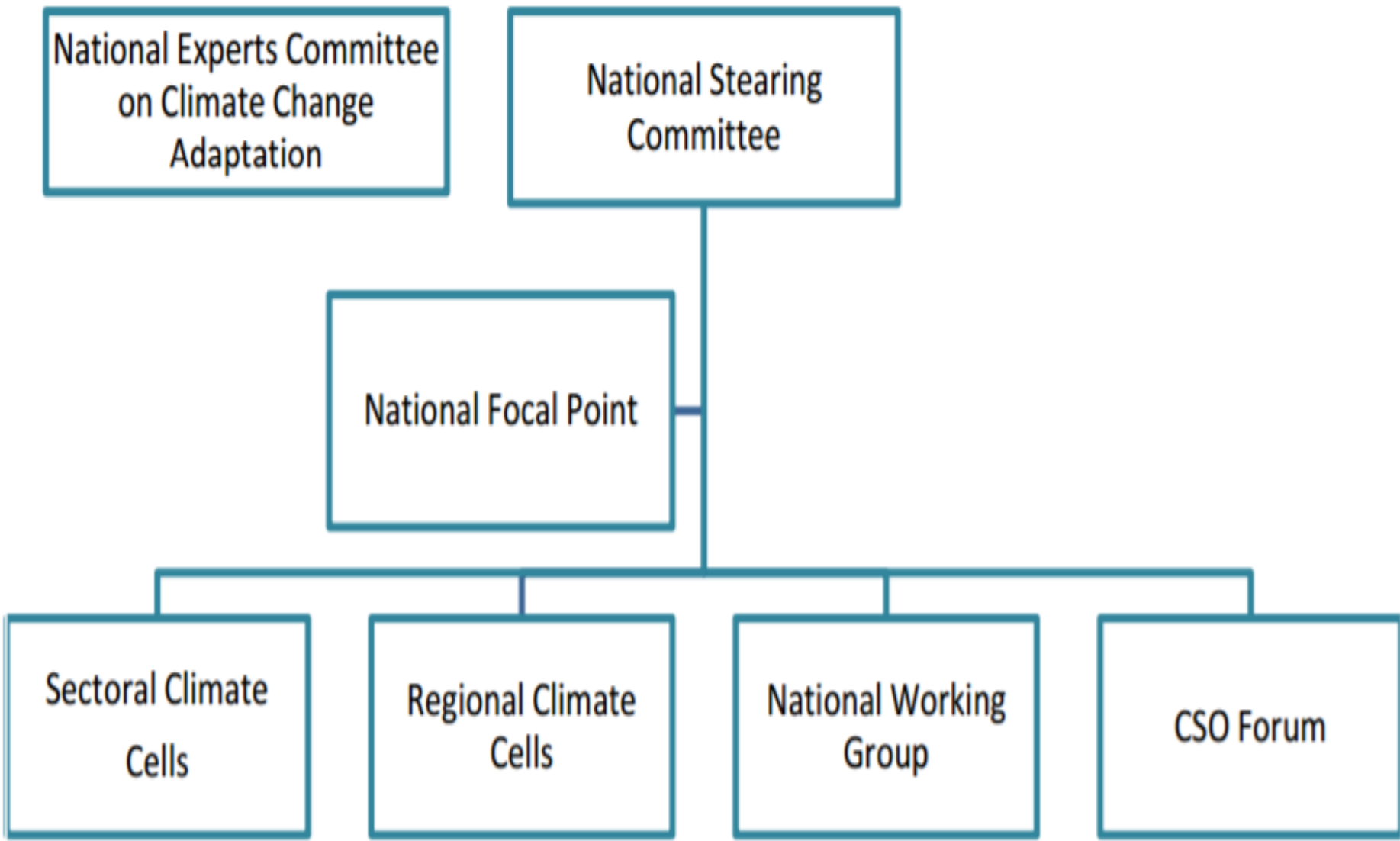


Figure 3: Structure of Institute and Coordination Mechanism

Levels of Coordination Mechanism (1/5)

- National Focal Point
- Climate Adaptation Cells for Sectors
- National Workshop Group for Cross-cutting National Adaptation Needs
- Regional Climate Cells
- CSO Forum
- National Expert Committee on Climate Change Adaptation
- National Steering Committee

Levels of Coordination Mechanism (2/5)

- National Focal Point :
 - Responsible for overall coordination of the NAP
 - Climate Change Secretariat of Sri Lanka to be play this role
 - Need capacity building for implementing the role, coordination and knowledge sharing aspect

Levels of Coordination Mechanism (3/5)

- Sectoral Climate Cells:
 - Will be established for vulnerable sectors to coordinate activities within sectors
 - Represented by members of state agencies, private sector, community organisations and NGOs
 - Will coordinate all activities pertaining to implementation and monitoring of activities of the relevant sector
 - To be coordinated by the Climate Change Secretariat
 - Government representative to be nominated by the heads of agencies on request of the Ministry of Mahaweli Development & Environment
 - NGOs to be invited by the Ministry

Levels of Coordination Mechanism (4/5)

- National Working Group for Cross-cutting National Adaptation Needs:
 - To be a consortium of national lead agencies and non-state representatives
 - National leads to be the agencies leading relevant cross-cutting actions

Levels of Coordination Mechanism (5/5)

- Regional Climate Cells:
 - To be set up according to implementation requirements of actions
 - To be represented by the representatives of Provincial Council, local government bodies, district and divisional secretariats

Overlap with NDCs

- NAP compliments the NDCs on adaptation
- Readiness Action Plan for INDC implementation
- Implementation of NDC actions on Adaptation

Thank you